

pharra







PHARMACY Purification of active principles (example: antibiotics).



CHEMICALS Washing of polymers or extraction (example: acetic acid).



FOOD INDUSTRY Purification of good components

PARACHEMISTRY Perfumes, aromas, essential oils,...



HYDROMETALLURGY Separation or purification (precious metals).

COMMON FEATURES AND ADVANTAGES

- Direct motor coupling to the main shaft.
- No bottom bearing in process area.
- Unique all-fluoropolymer construction for corrosive applications.
- Optional pharmaceutical grade polishing.
- · Centrifuges perfectly adapted to both batch and continuous operations.
- Short retention time and low liquid hold-up.
- Efficient phase separation utilizing centrifugal force.
- Various agitator designs to accomo-

- date a wide range of solvent systems.
- Low mix turbines for shear sensitive
- applications.
- Unattended operation.
- High throughputs achieved in compact unit.
- High extraction efficiency due to thorough mixing.
- Each extracto nearly corresponds to a
- theoretical extraction stage.
- Rapid operational equilibrium. Internal recycling of heavy or light
- liquid phase.

• Can serve as liquid/liquid separator and/or liquid/liquid extractor.

• Possibility to connect several BXP in series (no-inter-stage pumps required) to achieve the required number of stages.

LIQUID/LIQUID EXTRACTORS

EXTRACTION CONFIGURATION

When operating as a centrifugal extractor for performing liquid/liquid extractions, a feed solution, containing one or more solutes (shown in blue), and an immiscible solvent (shown in yellow) with a different density than that of the feed solution are fed to the mixing chamber located on the bottom of the centrifuge housing. A rotating agitator disc mixes the two immiscible liquids into a dispersion (shown in green). Different agitator disc design can be used depending upon the liquid's interfacial tension. The efficient mixing creates a large interfacial area between the two liquids to ensure maximum mass transfer of the solutes.



2 stage battery for counter-current extraction

• The dispersion is aspirated into the centrifuge bowl by a turbine located on the bottom of the rotating bowl.

• The liquids are separated by the centrifugal force generated by rotating bowl. The heavier liquid (shown in blue) occupies the outer portion of the bowl. The light liquid (shown in yellow) occupies the inner portion of the bowl.

• The position of the liquid/liquid interface is regulated by **a** heavy phase weir.

• Interchangable heavy phase weirs of different diameters accommdate a wide range of density ratios.

• The heavy phase underflows to a static receiving chamber. The light phase overflows to a separate static receiving chamber.

• The liquids are discharged by gravity to the next BXP centrifugal extractor or to downstream equipment.

For multi-stage extraction processes, BXP centrifugal extractors **can be installed in series** to provide the required number of stages. **No inter-stage pumps required between the extractors**.

The external inter-stage piping allows liquids to be fed into or routed out of the extraction process (main extraction, scrubbing, back extraction) as required for optimum flexibility.

4 stage battery of BXP 360 P

BXP 012

LIQUID/LIQUID SEPARATOR

SEPARATION CONFIGURATION

A mixture of two immiscible liquids (shown in green) with different densities is fed to the pumping chamber located on the bottom of the centrifuge housing.

• The liquid/liquid mixture is aspirated into the centrifuge bowl by an pumping turbine located on the bottom of the rotating bowl.

• Liquids will be separated by centrifugal force.

• The heavier liquid (shown in blue) occupies the outer portion of the bowl. The lighter liquid (shown in yellow) occupies the inner portion of the bowl.

- The position of the liquid/liquid interphase is regulated by a heavy phase weir.
 - Interchangable heavy phase weirs of different diameters accommodate a wide rande of density ratios.
 - The heavy phase underflows to a static receiving chamber. The light phase overflows to a separate static receiving chamber.



BXP liquid/liquid separator.



PRODUCTION MODELS

METALLIC CONSTRUCTION

Monostage centrifugal extractors manufactured from metal. Stainless steel - (Alloys, Titanium)												
TYPE	Bowl				Extractor							
	ø mm	Useful capacity I	Rotor speed rpm		Nominal Flowrate m³/h		Motor power kW					
			50 Hz	60 Hz	50 Hz	60 Hz	50 Hz	60 Hz				
BXP040	40	0.11	3000	3600	0.050	0.060	0.020	0.020				
BXP080	80	0.30	3000	3600	0.120	0.140	0.120	0.120				
BXP130	130	1.30	3000	3600	0.900	1.000	0.750	0.750				
BXP190	190	4.2	2900	3500	3	3.5	0.75	1.1				
BXP320	320	17	2900	3500	6	7	4	5.5				
BXP360	360	19	2900	3500	10	12	5.5	5.5				
BXP520	520	110	1450	1750	25	30	7.5	7.5				
BXP800	800	320	970	870	60/80	55/75	18.5	18.5				

Stainless steel AISI 316 L Stainless steel AISI 904 L



Other specific alloys on demand and provided by the mechanical compatibility.

PVDF CONSTRUCTION

Some Rousselet Robatel's Liquid/Liquid centrifuges can be fabricated from PVDF for all surfaces in contact with the product. This construction is advantageous if the process materials are corrosive and it is not possible to use metallic construction.

Monostage centrifugal extractors manufactured from PVDF. Bowl Extractor Rotor speed Nominal Flowrate Motor power TYPE Useful Ø rpm m³h r/w capacity mm 50 Hz 60 Hz 50 Hz 60 Hz 50 Hz 60 Hz BXP040P 40 BXP130P 135 1.3 1450 0.6 0.7 0.37 BXP130PL 1450 1750 0.25 0.37 135 1.9 0.85 1 BXP210P 210 1450 1750 3 3.5 0.75 0.75 5.6 1450 0.75 RXP210PI 210 78 1750 42 48 0.75 **BXP360P** 360 29 970 1170 12 14 1.5 2.2 BXP360PL 360 39 970 1170 16 18 1.5 2.2 BXP460P 460 80 730 870 25 28 2.2 3.6 BXP620P 620 175 580 580 60 60 36 36

PVDF



LABORATORY MODELS

For performing feasibility tests with minimum quantities of material.

Laboratory monostage extractors (metallic construction only)										
		Bowl		Extractor						
TYPE	ø mm	Useful capacity I	Rotor speed rpm	Nominal flowrate m³/h	Motor power kW					
BXP012	12	0.0022	10,000	0.002	25					
BXP025	25	0.0190	4,000	0.010	41					



HEADQUARTERS

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can be installed on single or common frames and are interconnected with flexible inter-stage piping.

These machines

CENTRIFUGAL

EXTRACTORS

The hourly flowrates depend upon the viscosity, emulsification tendency, density

ratio and the flow

being processed.

ration of the liquids